

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXVII, No. 31.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2877.

## FEW FISH ARE FOUND

### Albatross Loses Dredges on Rocks.

ABSENCE of fish and presence of rocky bottom are two things which are most thoroughly impressed upon the minds of officers and scientists on board the Fish Commission steamer Albatross, which returned to the harbor Saturday from a two weeks' cruise. The little ship has now practically completed investigation of the Molokai coast and has done some good work off Lanai and leeward Maui.

The verdict of all who have been watching the developments of the dredging and seining operations is that the fishes are scarce. While the specimens of life found by the dredges are most interesting from a scientific point of view, the scarcity of food fishes, in the deep waters so far traversed, is all the more remarkable, in that it is in contrast with the abundance which is noted in waters of the same latitude in other parts of the world. In the Atlantic, about the Bahamas, Cuba, Porto Rico, the Florida coast and in the Gulf, at about the same position, the sea life is plentiful. On the coast of Southern California, Lower California and Central America, down to Panama even, the fishes are abundant and the many forms of life interesting and of great commercial importance.

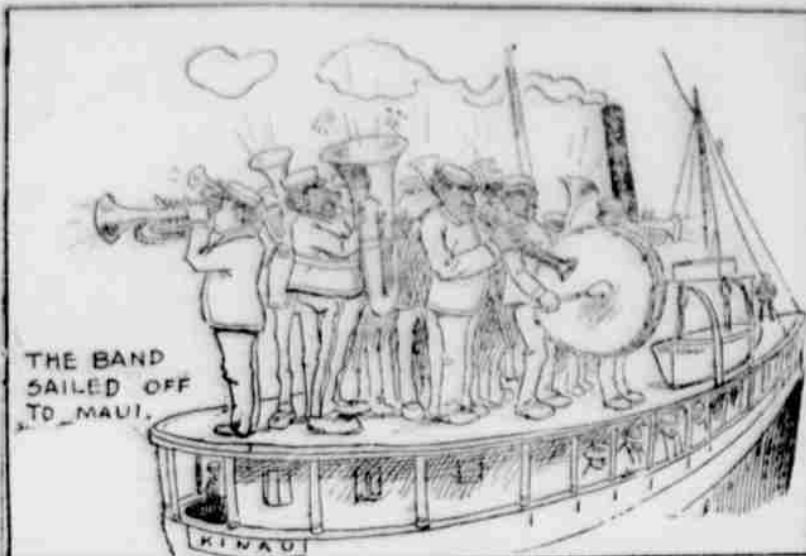
In the words of the men of the Albatross, there are no fish to be found in the deep waters off Molokai and Lanai. The dredges time and again come up with diminutive specimens, a small number of shell fish, which furnish excellent fish food, but there are found very few edible fish. Scientifically the investigations will be full of interest. Dr. Gilbert, at the head of the scientific end of the expedition, has jars filled with specimens. Many are new, others are rare, some are remarkable and all are interesting, but this is from the biological view point and while the investigations are not sufficiently far advanced to admit of any conclusions being drawn by the men who will be charged with the commercial investigations, the outlook is that no one would be tempted to buy steam fishing vessels for this trade on the strength of what has been seen so far. The taking of the identity of the fishes so far taken is a work which will not be completed during the cruise. The little ship does not carry a sufficiently extensive library to admit of the absolute identification of all the finny things so far found, or in fact of some of those exceedingly rare specimens which, snake-like, have no fins at all, or frog-like, seem to have two legs. This work will require months of labor where the libraries containing the results of previous deep sea work, not only in English but in French, German, Italian and Spanish are available. Dr. Gilbert puts it that there promises to be the very highest scientific value to the work so far done, as the preserved specimens are in many instances unique.

The scarcity of fish is a matter of wonder on all sides. Capt. Thomas of the Albatross said when he first started out from here he was told he would find large fleets of sardines, both from here and from Maui, off Kaunakakai. He saw just two. He was told it was a mistake, that the boats would be discovered out to windward. But on that side of the island only one vessel was seen and that might or might not have been a fishing ship. The failure to discover any large number of good fishes in the deep sea caused some short investigation about Napili bay. Dr. Gilbert went in shore with his water glass and was rowed along for a great distance. The glass enables the investigator to keep in touch with everything down to say fifty feet. For hundreds of yards, he said yesterday, there would not be a single fish cross the field of the water glass. This was very disappointing, as it seemed to indicate that there would be little food outside the reef if there was practically nothing inside, and subsequent investigations proved the truth of this conclusion.

Another thing which has caused much astonishment among the men who have seen fishing in so many parts of the world is the tremendous amount of preparation which seems a condition precedent to fish catching here. As Capt. Thomas puts it, off Maui the fishermen must propitiate the fish with a pound of Hamburg steak before they may hope to catch one. The practice of chewing the bait was one which was absolutely new to the professional dredgers and seiners, and was taken by them as an indication of the extreme scarcity of fishes.

But while finding so little commercially, though making rich hauls from the scientific standpoints, the Albatross has not been falling behind in the record first established. It seems to be impossible to find any point about the islands, so far as visited, which gives a free bottom for dredgers to work. At almost every place there are discovered heads of coral and lava which play smash with gear, so that it is almost a constant case of losing or damaging dredges and seines. In fact, last week, once it was necessary to run into Lahaina for the purpose of repairing the machinery, all owing to the hard luck with deep sea dredges which caught beneath heads. As indicating the chances

## PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK



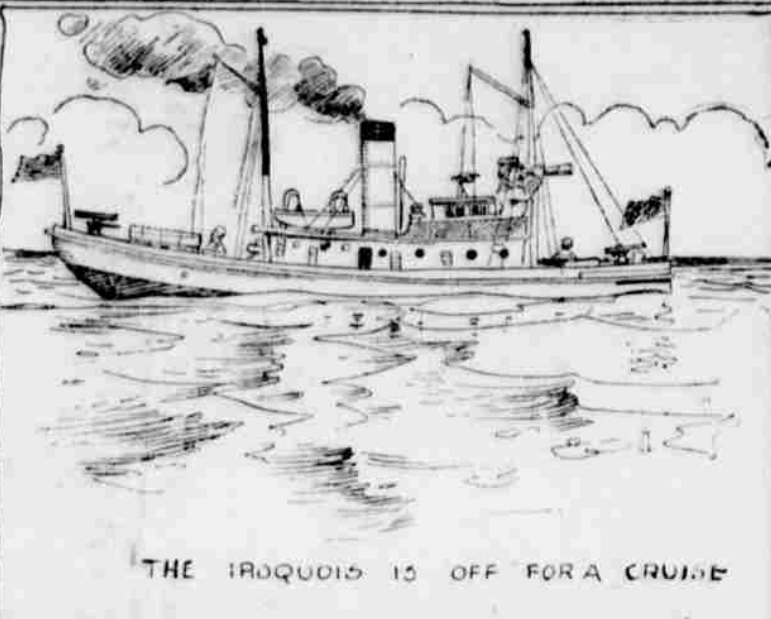
THE BAND SAILED OFF TO MAUI.



AUSTIN DIPS HIS PEN W/TO 17.



A HOT TIME IN CHINATOWN.



THE IROQUOIS 15 OFF FOR A CRUISE

## JAMES K. KAULIA DIES SUDDENLY AND ALONE

(From Monday's Daily.)

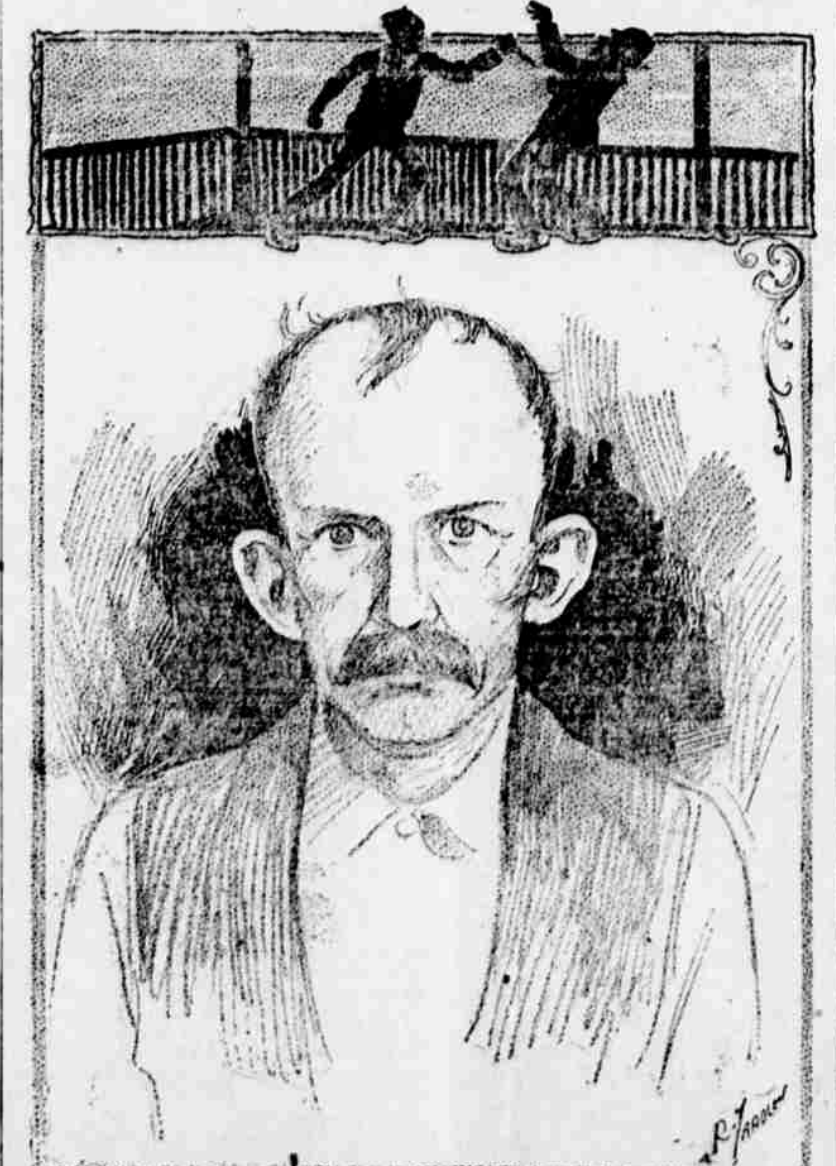
JAMES KEAULUNA KAULIA died suddenly and alone at his home, King street and Asylum road, yesterday afternoon. The end must have come peacefully, for his face showed no signs of a struggle, rather that he went to his last sleep from a quiet nap.

Mr. Kaulia was down town at the police court yesterday morning, leaving the courthouse for home shortly after 9 o'clock. He was in the best of health and spirits. Upon reaching home he dressed and accompanied the members of the family to Kaunakapili church, of which he was a member.

After service the family returned home and all ate luncheon together. After the meal the family separated. Mr. Kaulia lay down to read from a book of Hawaiian stories. His wife went out for a visit to her mother, who resides in Nuuanu valley and other members of the family read or took a nap.

Mrs. Kaulia returned home about half past 6 o'clock and found her husband still asleep, as she supposed. She tried to arouse him but failed and young Kaulia, who returned at that time went across to the church for Judge Asa Kaulia, the uncle of the dead man.

## KENTUCKY BILL WHO WILL BE TRIED FOR CAPITAL OFFENCE



GEORGE FARRIS, alias "Kentucky Bill," who was yesterday committed for trial by Judge Wilcox, on a charge of murder in the first degree. Farris is the man who, last Wednesday night, is alleged to have stabbed John Watson to death with a case-knife, in Brewery lane, off Queen street.

## TAXES ARE FIRST CLAIM

### Assessor Pratt In Role of the Bailiff.

(From Saturday's daily.)

IT was tax officer against mortgagee yesterday at the sale of bicycle sundries under the hammer in King street, at the store formerly occupied by Bailey's Cycles, and when the bout was over the Tax Assessor had the goods seized, the auctioneer had the money for which they were sold and a Japanese who bought the stuff which was knocked down with the understanding that delivery was not guaranteed, wants to know why he cannot have the goods, when a "big fat man," as he puts it, said "No." It all came about over a back tax bill, and there were lawyers, locked doors, rapid handling of cases and a laughing crier of the articles as the features.

The sale of the goods taken under foreclosure of a mortgage given to the Hawaiian Trust Company, as trustees, by Bailey, to secure mainland sellers of the merchandise, was announced for noon yesterday at the store room. Shortly before that hour Tax Assessor Pratt appeared at the office of J. F. Morgan, who was to hold the sale, and asked if the amount of the taxes unpaid would be held out of the proceeds of the sale. To this Mr. Morgan replied that such a course was impossible, and the assessor left at once and with his attorney, A. A. Wilder, went to the store room, which was open for the inspection of the goods by would-be purchasers. They at once announced that they made seizure of two show-cases filled with goods, a safe and a cash register, and had one of the show cases carted to storage.

The representative of the Trust Company was nonplussed for a moment and then a bright thought came to him, and he locked the door with the tax officer inside. Meantime Mr. McClanahan, of the attorneys for the Trust Company, said that the sale should go on, and promised to be on hand very soon. The auctioneer mounted the block and began to cry Lot No. 1. This consisted of bicycle sundries and it was knocked down to Hall.

Meantime the assessor and his attorney had both a lien and a lean on the showcase and the safe, declaring that they were in possession. Attorney McClanahan declared that the sale should go on and directed that the lots under the big assessor and his smaller attorney should be put up. There was at once a demand for explanations by the crowd. Morgan had each side state his position and then in turn told the crowd that he could not guarantee delivery, but that anyone who wished could bid and pay, and try and get their goods later. There was a few bids. Some of the hawke bidders went to about half the price of the goods, thinking it a safe gamble that there would be some developments which might make them a fair profit. But they were always out-bid by the Japanese.

Morgan stopped work to find out if the Japanese knew what was the status, and pointed out the proponents of the two sides of the case. The Oriental insisted that he knew, and finally knocked down to him the show case for \$16 and the safe and cash register for the same sum. He was told the terms were cash, paid his money and went along for a dray. But he had not accounted on the lien of the assessor. He could not have the goods, and so rushed off to Morgan to find what he could do in the premises. But again the situation was explained without making any great impression, for the burden of his plaint was that he had bought the goods but a "big fat man" still held the articles.

To clinch matters, Captain Pratt had the goods carted to storage and went his way. He maintained that as there were back taxes, he, under the law, was entitled to seize goods on the premises and hold them. In fact, before the day closed, he had arranged for the selling of the seized articles next week by the same auctioneer who sold them yesterday. On the other hand the mortgagee's attorneys insisted that the goods were not in the possession of the mortgagee and could not be taken by the assessor. In the meantime, Auctioneer Morgan paid over to the mortgagee, for whom he made the sale, the money received for the uncontested sales. He did not turn over the money from the Japanese, as he was not clear that the man knew that he was buying a law suit, so he holds that sum of \$32 as trustee for the Japanese. The latter is the only man who has nothing out of the transaction, for he is out his cash and has no goods to show for it. There has been no decision made as to the course to be pursued by the mortgagee, but they may try and hold Pratt responsible for his acts and sue to recover the amount of the goods which he took from the store. It is believed that Pratt has plenty to make good the back taxes, amounting to \$100.

### Tampico's Good Work.

The Globe Navigation Company's steamer Tampico which sailed last week from Kahului for San Francisco, made a record for quick work on Kauai. Arriving at Makawell on the 2nd, 900 tons of freight were discharged, after which the vessel proceeded to Eleolu, where 1200 tons of sugar were loaded in three days, 7000 bags being taken aboard in one day, a local record. Proceeding to Kahului, 15,000 bags of bran and 1000 bags of flour were discharged and 18,500 bags of sugar loaded in a little less than two days.



Pennville, Mo., U. S. A. Pain  
for sale by all dealers and  
s. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd.,  
or Hawaii.



# PLASTERED WITH SUITS

# ARMSTRONG ON LABOR

## More Claims Filed Against the "Howe." A Letter About the Local Test of Negroes.

(From Saturday's daily.)

Troubles are accumulating for the schooner Frank W. Howe and her master, Captain S. B. Atkinson. Two new suits were instituted yesterday against the vessel, and the prospects are that the Howe will not go out of the hands of the United States Marshal for months to come.

There is already standing over the ship a judgment for \$480 obtained by two members of her crew for short provisions, and yesterday two new suits were instituted, claiming altogether the sum of \$1,211 from the owners of the vessel.

David Hall and Edward Woods, the sailors who obtained the judgment for short rations, and who now claim to be suffering from scurvy, brought second suits for injuries resulting from the voyage, claiming the sum of \$500 each. The claim for damages was included in the first suit against the Howe, but Judge Estee declined to pass upon that question until the sailors had been released from the hospital, so that the amount of damages could be ascertained. Dunne and Breckons are the attorneys.

Three more members of the crew of the Howe also put in claims for short rations allowance yesterday, amounting in all to \$1211. Gill & Farley are the attorneys and the plaintiffs in the case are Wm. L. McAllister, the second mate; John Coolagan and Francis G. G. R. Pietre. The first two named plaintiffs shipped from New York, while Pietre did not board the vessel until she reached Mauritius.

The plaintiffs allege that during the voyage "their allowance of provisions was reduced by more than one-third of the quantity specified by law, and that such provisions as they were allowed were not good and wholesome, but were of bad quality, and in this behalf the libellants further show that the provisions upon which principally and for the greater part of the voyage they were compelled to live, consisted of salt beef and soft bread, each of which articles, by reason of defective preparation, was unfit to be eaten."

The libellants complain also of the lack of sugar, lime juice, vinegar, coffee, vegetables, etc., on the voyage.

Wm. L. McAllister for wages and short allowance of provisions claims the sum of \$627, Coolagan wants \$394 and Pietre says he will be satisfied with the sum of \$190.

### LEWIS, TURK AND YOUNG.

Information was filed yesterday against Oscar Lewis, F. J. Turk and William Young, charging them with violating the United States navigation laws. The particular violation with which they are confronted is the boarding of the American ship Arthur Seawall on April 16th, before she had been passed by the customs officials. This is said not to be the first offense of the kind of which the defendants were guilty, and Collector Stackable had warned them several times against a repetition.

When the defendants were arraigned in United States court yesterday afternoon William Young entered a plea of guilty. He will be sentenced Monday morning. Lewis and Turk did not have an attorney, but in response to Judge Estee's questions, said they were able to employ one, and the court refused to accept a plea until they had consulted with counsel. All the cases then went over until Monday morning.

The punishment of the violation charged against the defendants is a fine of not more than \$100 or imprisonment for six months, or both within the discretion of the court.

The will of the late Morris Louissou was filed for probate yesterday, with a petition for the appointment of the widow, A. Gartenberg, A. L. Louissou and Samuel Damon as administrators. The value of the estate, consisting of mortgages, bonds, stocks, etc., is given at \$179,070.

The will is dated July 1, 1901, and the estate is devised one half to the widow, the remaining one half to go to the children in equal shares, after the deduction of monies already advanced to them.

Judge Gear yesterday ordered the distribution of the rents collected by Trustee Thompson since the sale of the Lazarus property, among the purchasers, John F. Bowler, J. S. McGraw and Hoffschlaeger Co.

An inventory of the estate of Catherine E. Batchelor has been filed, showing property valued at \$9,068.69.

Charles F. Murray has been appointed administrator of the estate of T. B. Murray, deceased.

Helen A. Holt has been appointed guardian of the Holt minors, upon giving a bond of \$1200.

A general denial has been filed in the case of Kapolani Estate vs. Territory of Hawaii—Action to establish fishing rights.

J. Lightfoot was admitted to practice by the Supreme Court yesterday.

The report of the master in the James R. Holt estate was approved yesterday.

The contest over the probate of the will of David Kahana, deceased, was finally submitted to Judge Gear yesterday. Both the widow and son of the deceased object to the will, alleging undue influence on the part of Kaadai-ki. Evidence has been taken the greater part of the week and arguments are to be submitted on briefs.

The New York Supreme Court has just rendered a decision regarding the will of Henry Hilton, the friend of A. T. Stewart, which has unravelled many intricate points of it.

Santos Dumont sent a wireless message of greeting to New York from Deutschland, while at sea. Miss Ellen Stone is also a passenger.

The Southern Workman has the following letter from Hon. W. N. Armstrong:

"As a contribution to the history of the negro in America, there should be some record preserved of the failure, this year, of the plan to settle negro laborers in Hawaii."

"After the annexation of the islands to the United States, in 1897, laws which permitted the laborer to be imprisoned if he refused to fulfill his contract, were repealed. These laws were necessary and even just when the imported laborers were ignorant and the cost of importing them was heavy. In this way only could the planter be protected from loss. On the repeal of these laws, the laborers who were under contract at once abandoned their obligations, out of a sense of independence, and in spite of wages far larger than they received at home. At once the islands were filled with Japanese tramps who refused to work, and the prosperity of the sugar plantations was seriously in danger."

"One large plantation on the island of Maui—the largest plantation in the world—determined to try negro labor. This plantation lies directly in front of the house in which General Armstrong was born. Its chief official was a classmate of General Armstrong, and has done much for the improvement of the native Hawaiian race. Owing to the reports here that the negroes are not reliable workers even when wages are high, most of the planters opposed the plan. The Hawaiian Commercial Company tried it at its own cost. Negotiations were made with the Southern Pacific Railway Co. for the collection and transportation of laborers from the South. It was agreed that only negroes of the farming class and their families should be engaged. City negroes were to be rigidly excluded. The terms offered were free transportation, which amounted to \$100 per man, and free transportation for families, free medical attendance, wages running from \$18 per month, with a bonus besides for steady work, the wages to be permanent and payable monthly."

"Being familiar with negro labor in the South, I advised that the subject should be carefully studied in advance by some competent person, for some months, so that no errors would be made. I advised that a body of fifty families should be selected, even if it took a year to get them; that these should be placed on the plantation and carefully tried; that if, at the end of a year or more, the scheme was successful, some of these laborers should be employed as missionaries who should return to the States and invite their brethren to emigrate."

"My suggestions were not followed. Laborers were sorely needed, and the transportation company wished to engage in a large business at once. Tramps were ready to come, but reliable people hesitated for fear of being deceived. Southern white men told them that they would find slavery lawful in the islands. Many hesitated to leave home for a distant place. This was perfectly natural. Though the statements of the transportation agents were true, the people had no means of verifying them. About ninety negroes were recruited from Alabama and Tennessee. On the voyage from the mainland they were well cared for. Many of them had never seen such a variety of food as was placed before them. I was on the same steamer with the largest body of them. In May of this year, the immigrants reached the plantation and were soon put to work. Higher wages were given in many cases than had been promised."

"But the experiment has been a sad failure. Some of the men have proved to be excellent workers, but the majority are not. Too many city tramps were in the lot. These soon became discontented. One of them committed highway robbery on a Japanese, and the numerous Japanese laborers rose up and demanded the expulsion of all of the negroes. The plantation sent away the worst men, though it sustained much loss in so doing. Some of them declared that they had not come out to do field work; some said the work was too hard; some wanted to select the work they preferred. Some of them when they heard of the payment of higher wages in the town, left and abandoned their contracts, which involved a loss to the plantation. Six months have passed and the feeling here is strong against any further experiments of this kind. It is believed that these immigrants are a fair sample of negro laborers. This is unjust. It is unfortunate that more care was not taken in the selection. It may be said here that all experiments in importing white laborers from America and the North of Europe have also been equally disastrous. Little care has been taken in selecting the right kind of men. One plantation which imported Germans is an exception."

"The immigration of the negro is not desirable. There is abundance of room for him at home. At the same time, the white man will not become the 'backbone' of these islands, and here is a chance for the negro to develop and become the mainstay of the Territory. The white man will not till the soil; he is content to do the trading. The Asiatics may in time be the dominant race here and become thoroughly Americanized."

It is interesting to note in this connection that General Armstrong in his letters from the islands in 1880, gives an account of a very successful experiment with negro labor on one of the plantations where proper care was exercised in the selection of the men."

Lot, chief of the Spokane Indians, is dead.



KAWAIAHAO CHURCH.

ONE of the most laudable projects for preserving to future generations the names and deeds of the first native Hawaiians who embraced Christianity after the landing of the missionaries in these islands, is that which has been discussed by the descendants of the early missionaries and Christianized Hawaiians and by the Rev. H. H. Parker, the venerable pastor of Kawaiahao church. It is to make of Kawaiahao church the Westminster Abbey of Hawaii, or more properly speaking a Temple of the Faithful.

The proposal to preserve the memory of the days when Christianity was young in these islands, and to hand down to posterity the names of the noble Hawaiian men and women who renounced the idolatry of ancient times by accepting the faith given them by the missionaries, has met with favor by all those with whom Mr. Parker has talked, and probably in the fall of the present year the project will assume a definite form.

The plan is to hold a real old-fashioned hokupu this fall when it is expected that all the natives who have an aloha for old Kawaiahao and the descendants of those who founded it, will be present with gifts. The descendants of the missionaries have signified their willingness to participate in the hokupu and to subscribe liberally toward the project. When the hokupu is held the promoters hope to have the Hawaiians come bearing their gifts on poles and in grass baskets as in the olden days. Their gifts will be fruits, vegetables, flowers, pigs and various eatables, all of which will be sold and the proceeds devoted to the memorial.

Rev. Mr. Parker has in mind, as a fitting memorial to the earlier natives who helped to build Kawaiahao, the fitting into the interior walls of the church graven tablets bearing their names. These will be placed between the windows in regular order, and up-

### FROM HONOLULU.

Another Report on Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

If your poor back still aches, If you toss all night racked in pain, If you cannot bend over or straighten up,

Depend upon it, it's your kidneys. And kidney disorder rarely leaves of its own accord.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are a good kidney medicine. They cure kidney complaints.

This is how they fulfilled it with a Honolulu citizen:

Mr. A. J. Cahill, of Fort street, this city, night watchman in the employ of Messrs. T. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., says: "Whilst a young man I was a sailor and at one time worked for the Inter Island service. I was, however, obliged to give up sea life on account of severe suffering from my back and kidneys. For this I had tried various remedies, but the one which restored me to health was Doan's Backache Kidney Pills—procured at Hollister's Drug Store. They relieved me completely after years of suffering. If any one desires further particulars he may apply to me. I am to be found at Van Dorn's Ship Chandlery, Fort street."

You should get the same medicine which helped Mr. Cahill. See that the full name DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS is on the wrapper and refuse any imitation.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

### A Quick Trip.

The bark Nuuanu, Captain Josslyn, arrived from New York yesterday morning, having made the run in 112 days, and this despite the fact that she was deep into the water with cargo.

The vessel had variable weather on her long voyage, and neither very good nor very bad. The Cape was made in sixty days and rounded in eleven days. Last time the Nuuanu came the same route it took her thirty-eight days to round the old point.

She brought one passenger, R. M. Danach of Philadelphia. Most of her cargo consists of general supplies for F. O. Hall & Son's new building, which she will discharge at the Irmgard wharf.

Last time the Nuuanu came from New York she was 154 days making the trip. Her present trip is the best that has been made between the two ports for the last six years. The Henry B. Hyde made the run in 1896 in 102 days. The Poohing Suey has made the trip in 108 days.

on them will be dates which will tell when each one became a Christian. "The time has come," said Mr. Parker yesterday, "when it will be the most fitting thing for we of this generation to perpetuate for all time, if possible, the noble efforts which these Hawaiians made for the spread of Christianity. History tells us of the missionaries who came here and preached the gospel first; that Rev. Hiram Bingham, the elder, preached the first sermon in Honolulu on almost the very site of the present Kawaiahao church, and it has preserved to us a long and honorable list of names of earnest Christian workers. But there is practically nothing to day to show who were the Hawaiians who made possible the grand results attained. When it is taken into consideration that amongst these men and women were some who were the highest in the land and whose efforts to do away with the idols and tabus of ancient days were fraught with difficulties, then we can well understand that in accepting the faith of Christ they, under such circumstances, are entitled to the highest praise from a Christian people."

"Nothing definite has been decided about this matter, but it has been talked about to a large extent and all those whom I have approached on the subject have told me it is a most worthy project. Mrs. Honolulu, Mrs. Cony, Mrs. Pratt and other ladies who are supporters of Kawaiahao church are in sympathy with it, and C. M. Cooke, son of Amos Cooke, the teacher of the chiefs, believes it to be a most laudable thing."

"It is also proposed to put memorial stained-glass windows in the church commemorating of the first preachers of Kawaiahao and the early missionary fathers and families. There are about fifty-four windows in the edifice and these are enough for the purpose. A number of the descendants of the early missionaries are willing to subscribe largely to the windows which

would represent their families, and these subscriptions, together with the hokupu of the Hawaiians, will no doubt reach to a large sum.

"I trust that if this project is consummated, it will be an object lesson to the rising generation of Hawaiians, and arouse their ambition when they see inscribed upon the walls of Hawaii's most famous church, the names of their forefathers and the names of the men and women who figured largely in the development of Kapaolani, the one who broke the tabu; Kaimoku, one of the first members of the church, in 1825; John H. the assistant of Amos Cooke; Kekuanoa, father of Kamehameha I and II; Kinau, Kekaula, the mother of Lunalilo; Mrs. H. (Saria); Barkaneus, the blind preacher, whose eloquence was said to be marvelous; Hoopili, Namahana, Peleuli, Kekapala, a deacon; Wahineke-Kaunahelapule, Ahia Beckley and many others; also Rev. Hiram Bingham, who preached the first sermon in Honolulu; Rev. Richard Armstrong, father of General Armstrong, W. N. Armstrong and Mrs. Weaver, and Rev. E. W. Clarke."

Rev. Mr. Parker modestly refrained from mentioning his own name in connection with the proposed memorial, but he is the fourth of Kawaiahao's pastors and has been in its pulpit for thirty years.

Mrs. Weaver, the matron of Lunalilo Home, daughter of the late Rev. Richard Armstrong, is heartily in favor of the scheme and is contributing in many ways toward bringing the matter to fulfillment. She hopes to see Kawaiahao church made a veritable Hawaiian Westminster Abbey, or a Valhalla, where the names of the Hawaiians who quit their idols for the gospel will be written on tablets of stone to remain for the eyes of all who enter the edifice to see.

The present church was built about 1840 and its walls were constructed of coral blocks hewn from the reef and carried to the site on the backs of the natives. Architects have pronounced the building capable of standing as it is for more than two hundred years, although it is possible that the outer walls may have to be covered with cement at a future date to prevent them from crumbling.

# Clarke's Blood Mixture

THIS WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER IS WARRANTED TO CURE THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Eczema, Erysipelas, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and sores of all kinds. It is a never failing and permanent cure. 1. Cures All Sores. 2. Cures Sores on the Neck. 3. Cures Skin Lesions. 4. Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face. 5. Cures Eczema. 6. Cures Blood and Skin Diseases. 7. Cures Glandular Swellings. 8. Cures the Blood from all impurities. From whatever cause arising. It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. 9. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones. 10. As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles, 25 and 50 each, and in cases containing six times the quantity. It is sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes obtained off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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### INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co. (Limited.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds ... £2,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital ... £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

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Bottled for family use and is absolutely the best spring tonic made.

Will prepare and invigorate your system for the warm weather.

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## Magnite Cold Water Paint

A powder that mixes readily with cold water. It can be applied to any kind of surface—wood, stone or brick. It does not rub on second coating and is Fire, Water and Weather resisting. Has nearly all the advantages of oil paint at a fraction of the cost. Will last for years and is Unaffected by Gases and is an excellent . . . . .

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It can be used as a first coating and then regular oil paint applied for a second coat. It is the Best Fire Proof Paint made and the Boston Board of Underwriters make an allowance on insurance rates where it is used. It will not rub, scale or disorder, nor soften with age or moisture. Send for sample card of colors. Full lines of Paints, Oils Varnishes, Turpentine and Brushes. . . . .

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## THE APRIL SESSION

### The Supreme Court Will Meet Today.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The April session of the Supreme Court, will be opened at 10 o'clock this morning. The docket for the term contains thirty-one cases. Nearly all of them are, however, new appeals, having been filed since the close of the last session.

There are many cases of interest to be heard at this time. There are several matters submitted upon agreed statements of fact; and one appeal upon a controversy between Secretary Cooper and Auditor Austin.

The Kamalo Sugar Co. case will probably be among the first to be heard at this term, there being motion to advance still pending. The writ in the case of Walter G. Smith is made returnable today, and the matter will probably be presented immediately. Habeas corpus proceedings having the right of way. Smith & Lewis and Andrews, Peters & Andrade appear for the petitioner, and the Attorney General for the High Sheriff, who is respondent. George Davis, who appeared in the Circuit Court as amicus curia, does not appear as attorney on the printed calendar, but it has been the practice in the past to allow special attorneys to appear with the Attorney General, and Davis, if he makes the request, will no doubt be given such an opportunity.

The following is the court calendar, as made up for the session:

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., vs. Hilo R. R. Co., Ltd. Error to Circuit Court, Fourth circuit. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan and Wise for plaintiff in error. Hatch & Silliman and Smith & Parsons for defendant in error.

Sing Chong & Co. vs. Lin Hop Wei Co. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for plaintiff. Andrews, Peters & Andrade for defendant-appellant.

In re guardianship of Kalua Kapukini. Re-hearing appeal from Judge, First circuit. Magoon & Dillon for the guardian, appellant. Fitch & Thompson for the ward.

Territory of Hawaii vs. J. H. Schuch and two others. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Davidson for prosecution. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendants.

Henry E. Cooper vs. H. C. Austin. Plaintiffs appeal from Auditor's ruling. Plaintiff in person. Attorney General for defendant.

Honolulu Investment Co. vs. H. Rowland et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Davis for plaintiff. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan and Andrews, Peters & Andrade for prosecution. Wise for defendant.

Territory of Hawaii vs. Ah Moon. Exceptions from Circuit Court, Fourth circuit. Attorney General for prosecution. Wise for defendant.

T. R. Mossman vs. S. B. Dole et al. Submissions. Castle & Weaver for plaintiff. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan, Holmes & Stanley and Attorney General for defendants.

In the matter of the estate of E. N. Bidwell. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Smith & Lewis for guardian-appellant. Hatch & Silliman for petitioner.

Jesse Makaihi vs. Goo Wan Hoy. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Plaintiff, Robertson & Wilder. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendant.

Sister Albertina vs. Kapiolani Estate, Ltd. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Peterson & Mathewman for plaintiff-appellant. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendant.

S. Ahmi vs. W. H. Cornwell, Jr. Exceptions from Circuit Court, Second circuit. Coke for plaintiff-appellant. Hons for defendant.

H. R. Hitchcock et al. vs. F. Hustace et al. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Davis, Magoon & Dillon, Hatch & Silliman and T. McCants Stewart for plaintiff. Robertson & Wilder, Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan and Hankey for defendants-appellant.

T. M. Harrison vs. J. A. Magoon et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Robertson & Wilder for plaintiff. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendants-appellant.

Lowers & Cooke vs. J. W. Redhouse. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Peterson & Mathewman for plaintiff. De Bolt for defendant-appellant.

In the matter of Walter G. Smith. Habeas corpus. Smith & Lewis and Andrews, Peters & Andrade for petitioner. Attorney General for High Sheriff, respondent.

A. Montana vs. W. R. Castle. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Andrews, Peters & Andrade for plaintiff. Weaver for defendant-appellant.

M. Phillips & Co. vs. Lee Chong et al. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Peterson & Mathewman for plaintiff. Robertson & Wilder and Russell & Watson for defendants-appellant.

C. Ming Him vs. Young Tong et al. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Peterson & Mathewman for plaintiff. Robertson & Wilder and Russell & Watson for defendants-appellant.

Sister Albertina vs. Kapiolani Estate, Ltd. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Peterson & Mathewman for plaintiff-appellant. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendant.

Frank C. Bertelmann vs. Susan Bertelmann et al. Original Submissions. Davis for plaintiff. Andrews, Peters & Andrade and T. McCants Stewart for defendants.

Wm. Hall vs. C. Wynam. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for plaintiff. Hartwell, Atkinson & Judd for defendant-appellant.

H. M. Levy vs. W. K. Azzilli. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First circuit. Davis for plaintiff. Magoon & Dillon for defendant-appellant.

J. A. Magoon, trustee, vs. C. Lai Young. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff-appellant. Dickey for defendant.

In re guardianship of Annie T. K. Parker. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Robertson & Wilder for guardian, appellant. Fitch & Thompson, contra. Dunne, Guardian ad litem.

Territory of Hawaii vs. Antonio Martin. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. De Bolt for defendant.

Territory of Hawaii vs. Sing Kee, alias Ah Sam. Appeal from District Court of Honolulu. Correa for defendant.

Isaac H. Kahilua vs. Susan Kahilua. Error to Circuit Court, First circuit. Poe-poe for plaintiff in error. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for defendant in error.

## COMMERCIAL NEWS

FROM every hand in the street come expressions that the business world of the Islands is looking up. The first phase of the coming revival which every one sees in the distance is the increased orders for sugar shares. The stocks which are in most demand at the present time are the Oahu plantations, though there are being looked daily orders for shares of all the stocks.

The market of the week had little of interest in it, though there were two features which indicate increased movement. One was a small sale, 75 shares of Oahu, which went at \$1.50. While this is not a large price for this stock, which has reports of increased favor in its outlook, it registers an advance of \$1.50 in price since the last sales in the open market. The shares went to an insider, showing the feeling among those who are greatly interested in the plantation.

Another sale of interest was that of 15 shares of C. Brewer & Company at the price of \$375 a share. This price is 140 below that which governed at the last sale which was some time before. The price was made by the seller, as the same block had been in the hands of others than those who carried through the deal, the price up to recently having been steadily at \$400. There is little of the stock in the market and there is a demand for stock in the well known house.

Of the other transactions of the week McBryde showed the only advance, there being a sale of 30 shares at \$4, which is a half above the rate of the preceding week. The stock is fairly in demand, but there does not seem to be much in the market at the present rate. The other transactions of the week, 80 shares of Ewa, and the same of Oahu, were at the ruling rates, \$4 for the former and \$9 for the latter. There are out some good sized orders for these shares, but there is no offering of large blocks, which is the form taken by the demand for the stock in general.

The consent of the stockholders of Pioneer Mill to the plan for the reorganization on a basis of the issue of new stock to be taken up at the face value by present shareholders, is being obtained rapidly and there is no doubt but the plan will go through according to the present outlook.

### REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING.

Real estate markets are more than quiet just now, as there seems to be a new feature in that, while general business seems to be reviving, the would-be purchasers are waiting for a softening in rates, to a large degree, to which must be added the desire to secure a larger percentage of purchase money on mortgage. There are some small sales under consideration but according to the outlook there is little outside of the ordinary small lots in the suburbs. There have been some sales in College Hills, as for instance the increasing holdings of J. B. Atherton, who is making a large block possible for his son, who will soon return and take up the practice of medicine here. There are several places in the Hills section which are for sale, but there has developed less than usual demand for large lots.

The Campbell Trust has assumed a new shape which is extremely favorable to all concerned since it gives real value to affairs there. The contract releases all the property except the mill and the options on property at Piko and Heretania, and in Pawaia to Campbell, who will continue to run his mill, and gives to the creditors the properties which are ready for occupancy and those which have been partly sold. The small creditors have compromised on the basis of 25 per cent, which was paid by Henry Waterhouse & Company. The trust will now go on over a period of three years more, while the installment payments are being collected, which will close up the property.

The Young building has progressed until nearly all the stone has been laid and the interior fittings are being placed. The Lowers & Cooke structure is progressing rapidly and will be in shape for occupancy on time, while the Hall building has come to the final stages and should be opened about the first of the month.

McBryde Estate, Ltd., vs. Gay & Robinson. Exceptions from Circuit Court, Fifth circuit. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for plaintiff-appellant. Robertson & Wilder for defendants.

Kapiolani Estate, Ltd., vs. Mary H. Atchew. Appeal from Judge, First circuit. Kinney, Ballou & McLanahan for plaintiff-appellant. Dickey for defendant.

## THE MAUI TOUR.

"Come again soon, Berger," was the parting bon voyage of the Mauians to Kappelmeister Berger and the Government band as the latter sailed away from Lahaina in the Claudine Saturday night, after a busy six days' musical tour of the Garden Isle.

Maui people liked the band and expressed the hope that they would see it often. The cordial relations established between the horn-blowers and the Mauians were such that the band will not be loath to repeat its recent experience. Captain Berger said last evening that the band did more playing in Maui in one week than it does here in three weeks, and that it was a case of blow morning, noon and night, and once or twice nearly all night.

"We gave them a lot of good music, yes," said the Kappelmeister, as he turned over the leaves of his diary devoted to the tour. "Immense crowds greeted us at every place we stopped, and we were guests at a number of luaus, breakfasts, luncheons and dinners tendered us by plantation managers, judges and coroners, and everybody seemed willing to make our trip a pleasant one, but we had to fiddle a whole lot in return. Maui appreciates good music and that's what we gave them."

"Well, we left Honolulu in the Kinau on Tuesday, April 15, at noon, and had a good, smooth trip to Lahaina, where we landed at 8:30 p. m. There was a big crowd on shore to meet us and escort us to the courthouse square. We gave a concert there from 9 until 11, which was followed by a luau for the band at John Richardson's place. At midnight we embarked on the Claudine for Kahului, which we reached at 6 in the morning. We were met by a committee and taken to Wailluku. We had a good breakfast at Judge Kalua's and then gave a concert from 7 to 8 in the church square. The boys looked around for rooms and got them all right this time. At 2 o'clock we went to Paia on the train and had a lunch with Manager Lindsay. We played during the afternoon until 7:30 p. m., and then went back to Wailluku, where we gave another concert from 8 until 11."

"The next day, Thursday, we went by train to Kahului, playing there from 9 to 11 a. m. Back we went again to Wailluku and gave a concert from 1 to 3. For an hour and a half afterwards the band was regaled with a fine luau given by the National Guard company there. That night we gave a concert from 7 to 8 in honor of the dedication of the new Knights of Pythias hall. Then from 9 p. m. until about 3 a. m. we played for the grand ball given by the Pythians. We fiddled away for six hours and even then they didn't want us to quit. There was little sleep for us that night. On Friday we gave a concert at Wahee from 1 to 4, and then came the guests of H. P. Baldwin at 'Puunene,' Spreckelsville. What a big crowd they had there! We played from 7 in the evening until midnight. Mr. Baldwin gave the boys a fine supper, and everybody enjoyed it, and the people enjoyed our music too. On Saturday we left Wailluku in busses and went to Lahaina again, the trip across the island lasting about four hours. That last concert on Maui lasted six hours and a half and we had to quit at 10:30 at night. They wanted to keep us all night. We got aboard the Claudine at 11 p. m. and arrived in Honolulu this morning safe and sound."

"I am sure we gave the Mauians a musical treat, plenty of melody and quite a variety. The two vocalists of the band accompanied us on the trip, and their singing was heartily applauded. By the way, don't forget to say in the Advertiser tomorrow morning that the band gives a concert Monday night in Emma square."

Professor Leonard, the gentleman who shows people how to rise in the world, made a successful balloon ascension and parachute descent from the grounds of Oahu College on Saturday afternoon, in the presence of fifteen policemen and all the small boys in Honolulu who were not chained up at home.

After the ceremony of inflation, or the feast of hot air, the professor stood revealed in his circus suit and grabbing the bar of the parachute yelled "Let her go!" immediately afterwards soaring heavenward like the stocks under the influence of a combined bull movement.

At a height of perhaps 1500 feet Leonard got tired of hanging from the bar by his feet, and changing his position, happened to notice the sea, which was drawing ever nearer. And with the sight of the sea came thoughts of the great fishes that dwell therein, and a pull at the "detach" rope, a quick shoot down for 150 feet perhaps and then the parachute expanded and the successful aeronaut descended with grace and aplomb to a spot midway between the Beach road and King street, alighting in a ricefield, within a couple of hundred yards of where the deflated balloon fell.

A VALUABLE MEDICINE For Coughs and Colds in Children. "I have not the slightest hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all who are suffering from coughs and colds," says Charles M. Cramer, Esq., a well known watch maker of Colombo, Ceylon. "It has been some two years since the City Dispensary first called my attention to this valuable medicine, and I have repeatedly used it and it has always been beneficial. It has cured me quickly of all chest colds. It is especially effective for children and seldom takes more than one bottle to cure them of hoarseness. I have persuaded many to try this valuable medicine, and they are all as well pleased as myself over the results." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Ground for the Boys' Brigade. A meeting of the Boys' Brigade committee was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of discussing a proposition to fence in their grounds on Vineyard street, and to erect a grand stand thereon in order to provide a suitable ground for the games of the local baseball league.

It was stated at the meeting that the proposed improvements would cost in the neighborhood of \$2500. No definite action was taken in the matter, and the meeting was adjourned until some day next week.

Fresh Water Kills Fish. The last heavy rain coast Allan Herbert most of the fish in his pond at Kalihi. Floods poured into his preserve in such volume and for so long a time, as to change the water from salt to fresh; and the tide, which comes in by a long and narrow canal, was held back. Several barrels of dead sea fish were gathered after the freshet.

## MAUI ENJOYS THE BAND

### It Turns Out for a Week of Good Music.

MAUI, April 12.—"Gay and festive" but feebly describes the social life of Maui during the past week. Two grand balls, a memorable dedication, several luaus and six or eight band concerts eclipse all previous history of island society.

That music has irresistible charms has been proven by the large gatherings of Mauiites that have been attracted by the Territorial band, under the direction of Bandmaster Berger during the past four or five days.

Tuesday evening, the 15th, the musicians arrived in Lahaina per steamer Kinau, and after giving a concert in the court house yard, departed later in the evening per Claudine for Kahului. Wednesday morning they took breakfast by invitation at the residence of Circuit Judge J. W. Kalua of Wailluku. From 5:30 to 7:30 p. m. the same day, they gave a concert at Paia, a temporary bandstand having been constructed in the yard of Manager D. C. Lindsay's residence. Here they were enthusiastically received by a cosmopolitan crowd of four or five hundred people, who much appreciated the instrumental music as well as the vocal solos by Mrs. Alapai and Miss Kellian.

After the concert refreshments were served on the verandas of the dwelling. The band boys were conveyed by special train to Wailluku, where they gave another concert on the lawn in front of the native church in the presence of hundreds of people. Thursday morning they visited Kahului and entertained the people there with musical selections. Thursday afternoon the musicians were feasted in the Wailluku court house, a fine luau being given them by Company I of the National Guard. Between seven and eight hundred people attended and listened to the concert given on the grounds of the native church before and after the spread.

During the evening the band played at Castle hall for the dedication and ball of the Knights of Pythias.

Friday noon the musicians visited Wahee and gave a concert. Friday evening they occupied the Spreckelsville bandstand in front of the residence of Manager H. P. Baldwin. The largest crowd of the week was present. Special trains, packed with people, came from Wailluku, Kahului, Paia and Puunene (Camp 5). At Wailluku, Paia and other places the cars were so crowded that quite a number of people were left behind. More than a thousand is a conservative estimate of people in the audience.

Mr. Baldwin's large lanai and verandas were filled with friends during the entire evening. Ice cream and other refreshments were served.

That the many auditors were delighted with the music, the concert pieces, the cornet solo, and the singing of Mrs. Alapai and Miss Kellian, but faintly expresses the compliments uttered both by native and foreign residents.

At 8 this morning Bandmaster Berger and his boys departed for Lahaina and tonight the Lahainaites will entertain them in fine style and the festivities of the week will end in a grand ball at the Lahaina court house. Maui people are most grateful for the musical treat of the past week.

(From Maui News.)

WAILUKU, Maui.—The concert given by the girls of Maunaloa Seminary in the sewing room, on the 11th, was enjoyed by a large audience. Much credit is due to Miss Coolidge, who had charge of the program, and who faithfully trained the young ladies. All the numbers were good and the performers acquitted themselves with much credit.

There is talk of a change in the management of the Maui hotel.

The Pioneer mill was shut down for two or three days during the early part of the week on account of a broken roller.

The effects of the bankrupt blacksmith shop were sold at auction on Monday. Mr. R. W. Filler bidding in the building and lease for \$201, and Mr. Jas. H. Painter bidding in the personal property.

Col. George French of the Salvation Army was detained in Honolulu by the sickness of a friend. He will come over and give the entertainment, for which tickets were sold at Lahaina, at a later date.

ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO

With just enough cargo in her hold to ballast her, the ship Tillie E. Starbuck came into port yesterday forenoon after a trip of fifteen days from San Francisco.

Captain Curtis reports a fair run down from the Coast. One passenger came on the vessel, Miss Downing.

Mate Woodall was here about three months ago aboard the Archer. Previous to that he was made aboard the Astral, a sister ship of the ship Acme, now in port. The present is his second trip to Honolulu. The vessel's cargo is consigned to Castle & Cooke.

Before the Starbuck was made fact alongside of Emma's wharf, the four-master schooner Helene entered the harbor and docked alongside the Irmgard wharf, the ship Acme splitting her and the Starbuck.

The Helene sailed through the Golden Gate a week ahead of the Tillie E. Starbuck, but owing to a bunch of calms which were met with, took twenty-one days to come down. The schooner brought about 1600 tons of mixed goods for W. G. Irwin & Co., including a lot of oil and gasoline.

The deck of the Helene presented a truly pastoral appearance. In the starboard pasture grazed three cows,

## SORE HANDS

### Red, Rough Hands, Itching Burning Palms and Painful Finger Ends

## ONE NIGHT TREATMENT

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air holes cut in the palms. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful.

### Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching and irritation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Aust. Depot: R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town.

## Pratt's Poultry Food

A poultry owner's mistake is the easiest kind of a mistake to make.—little chicks die, eggs get scarce, the chicks make dry eating, etc. The number is almost countless, and yet these mistakes need not occur, eggs can be plentiful, little chicks never die, cholera never be known and entirely overcome. The meat of all fowls can be juicy and tender, by feeding Pratt's Poultry Food. We have just received a new stock and ship it all over the Islands. Full instructions for using in every package. Used and endorsed throughout the civilized world.

## E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd.

Eblers' Block, Fort Street.

## Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

## Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
HONGKONG MARU	APRIL 22	NIPPON MARU	APRIL 25
CHINA	APRIL 30	PERU	MAY 3
DORIC	MAY 5	COPTIC	MAY 10
NIPPON MARU	MAY 14	AMERICA MARU	MAY 20
PERU	MAY 24	PEKING	MAY 28
COPTIC	JUNE 3	GALIC	JUNE 7
AMERICA MARU	JUNE 11	HONGKONG MARU	JUNE 13
PEKING	JUNE 15	CHINA	JUNE 21
GALIC	JUNE 25	DORIC	JUNE 28
HONGKONG MARU	JULY 4	NIPPON MARU	JULY 8
CHINA	JULY 15	PERU	JULY 16
DORIC	JULY 23	COPTIC	JULY 25
NIPPON MARU	JULY 31	AMERICA MARU	AUG. 2
PERU	AUG. 8	PEKING	AUG. 11
COPTIC	AUG. 15	GALIC	AUG. 20
AMERICA MARU	AUG. 25	HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 29

For general information apply to P. M. S. S. Co.

## H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

which looked none the worse for their long trip. The ship's carpenter played milkmaid coming down and new whenever any of the crew meet him about town it's "Where are you going, my pretty maid?"

Almost amidst a couple of frisky looking colts were tethered, which after their three weeks of the briny have become regular sea horses.

Scattered about the deck were numerous chicken coops which harbored as nice a lot of fowls as one would wish to see. When the horses and cows and chickens were turned loose for exercise, the Helene's maindeck looked like a farmyard in a flash year.

Captain Christianson's great Dane pup Tigie came along with the stock and proved a valuable herd dog. The astute captain has got him trained so that when a hen lays an egg he barks. On the trip down he was right in his element, and would sit on the deck and watch for hours a hen that was acting suspicious. When the fowl clucked the egg signal, Tigie would bark and keep on barking until Captain Christianson appeared on the scene and rescued the hen-fruit from a quick finish at the hands of the epicures of the forecastle.

Telephone Main 71. Works 601 Fort St.

## Consolidated Soda Works Company, Ltd.

The Commissioner of Agriculture and Forestry has some field corn and alfalfa seed for distribution.

## OUR SODA WATER IS THE BEST So is Our

Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Strawberry, Orange Cider, Ko'a, Birch Beer, Root Beer, Apple Cider, Komel, Pineapple Soda, Sarsaparilla and Iron

Delivered promptly anywhere and everywhere in the city.



